## Basic text input

This document covers the basic rules TEX has for text input. Please see lshort.pdf ("The Not So Short Introduction to LaTeX") for a more comprehensive introduction.

- A blank line separates paragraphs.
- Some characters cannot be input directly. Precede such characters with a backslash to print them. E.g.: ^ # \$ % ^ & \_ \$ { } }
- Quotation marks must be typed in explicitly. This is no MS Word that tries to guess what you're typing! E.g. look at the source for the following sentence: "It's difficult to type the word 'discontinuous' correctly."
- Similarly, dashes and hyphens must also be typed according to context:
  - 1. For hyphenated words, use a hyphen (type one hyphen -) e.g. co-ordinate
  - 2. For ranges of numbers, use an en-dash (type two hyphens --) e.g. 13–18 months
  - 3. In a sentence, use an em-dash (type three hyphens ---) e.g. "Now wasn't I about to—where's he gone?" or "Don't—to quote a president—misunderestimate"
  - 4. To indicate letter omission, use *two* em-dashes (-----) e.g. "Mr P—— lived in the town of Mt Q——"
- You can type a non-breaking space with a tilde ~. Use this when you don't want a line to break between the words it separates; eg Mr Knuth, Figure 1, etc....
- An ellipsis (...) is typed with \dots. Use it before a period when finishing a trailing sentence. (See the previous dot point for an example.)
- Originally, TeX input was plain ASCII text. To get accents, you needed to type things like \'{e} and \~{n} to get \(\epsilon\) and \\". Nowadays it is better to use a richer input encoding scheme.
  - Include \usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}¹ to tell TEX that you are giving it a unicode file. (Make sure that you tell your application that you want to indeed use this encoding scheme.²) Now you can type accents directly from the keyboard, so typing words like "résumé" or "naïve" is much more pleasant.
- Look in the source of the preceding dot point for the two methods of creating footnotes. To create margin notes, use the \marginpar command. It's real easy to make notes in

It's real easy to make notes in the margin...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If you are exchanging your documents with people using Windows, it will be better for cross platform purposes to use the latin 1 encoding scheme — use [latin1] instead of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Choose the appropriate document encoding in preferences or type "%&encoding=Latin 1" near the top of the document.