

Interference in Vector Meson Production in Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV

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Outline

• Ultra Peripheral Heavy Ion Collisions (UPCs)

- What is a UPC?
- Vector Meson Production / Interference
- STAR detectors / Triggers
- Analysis of UPC events
 - Fitting Scheme
 - Observation of interference effects in t spectrum

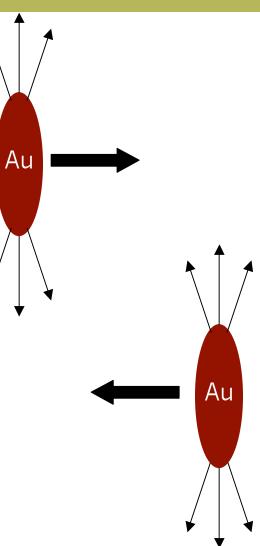




Ultra Peripheral Collisions

- Photonuclear interaction
- Two nuclei "miss" each other (b > 2R_A), electromagnetic interaction dominates over strong interaction
- Photon flux ~ Z^2
 - Weizsäcker-Williams
 Equivalent Photon
 Approximation

 (J.D. Jackson, Classical Electrodynamics, 3rd Edition, pp.724-729)
- No hadronic interactions

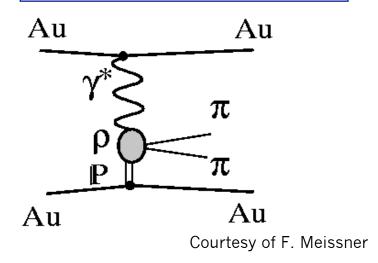






Exclusive ρ^{o} Production

$$Au+Au \rightarrow Au+Au+\rho^{o}$$



- Photon emitted by a nucleus fluctuates to virtual qq pair
- Virtual qq pair elastically scatters from other nucleus
- Real vector meson (i.e. J/ ψ , ρ°) emerges

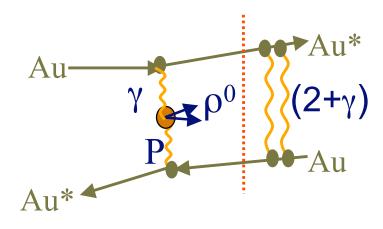
- Photon and pomeron are emitted coherently
- Coherence condition limits transverse momentum of produced ρ





ρ^o Production With Coulomb Excitation

 $\mathsf{Au}{+}\mathsf{Au} \to \mathsf{Au}^*{+}\mathsf{Au}^*{+}\rho^{\mathsf{o}}$

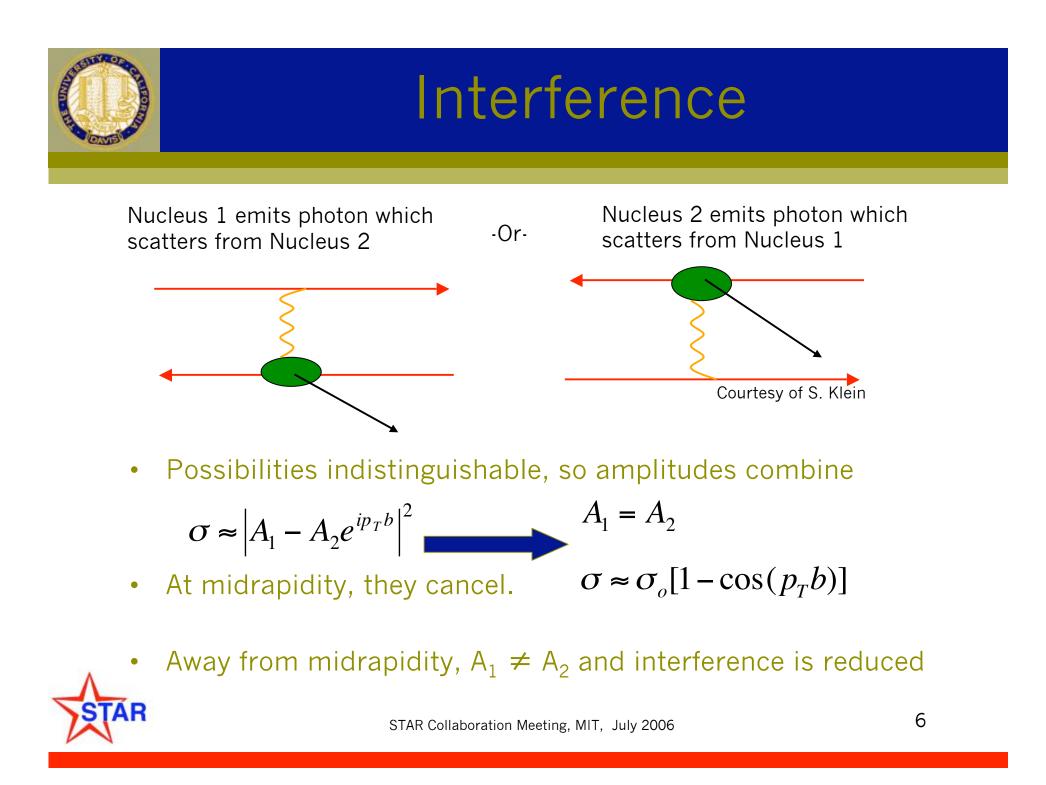


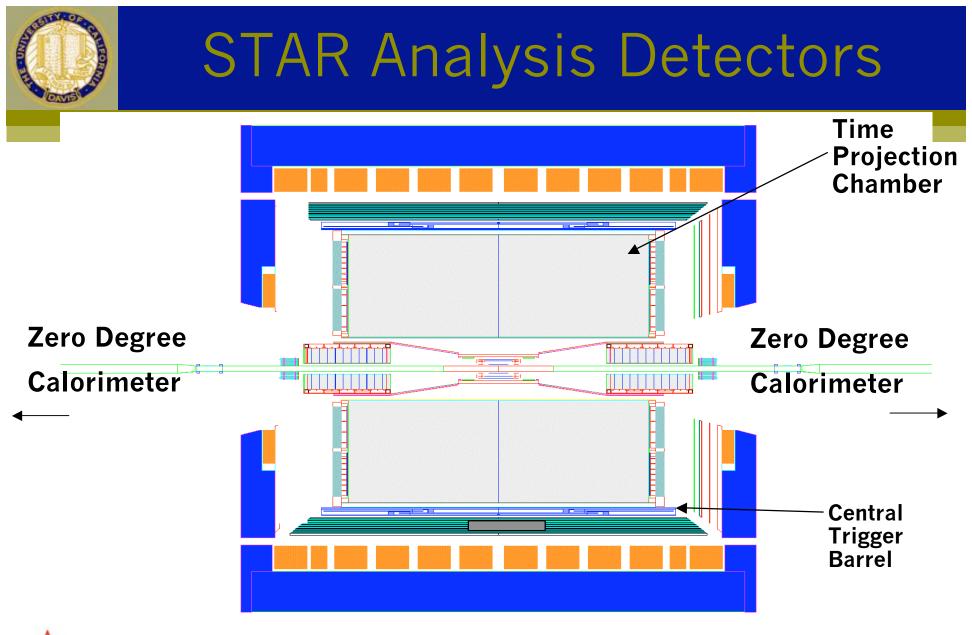
- Photons exchanged between ions give rise to excitation and subsequent neutron emission
- Process is independent of ρ^{o} production

$$\sigma(AuAu \rightarrow Au^*Au^* + \rho^o) = \int d^2bP_{\rho}(b)P_{XnXn}(b)$$

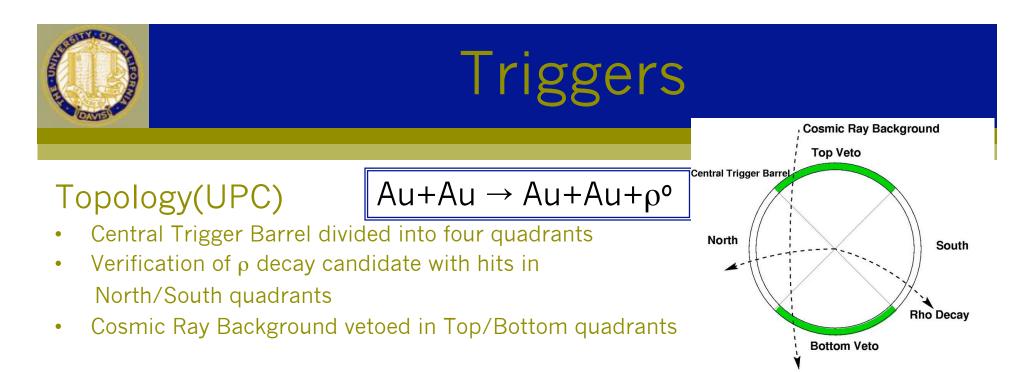
Courtesy of S. Klein











Minbias

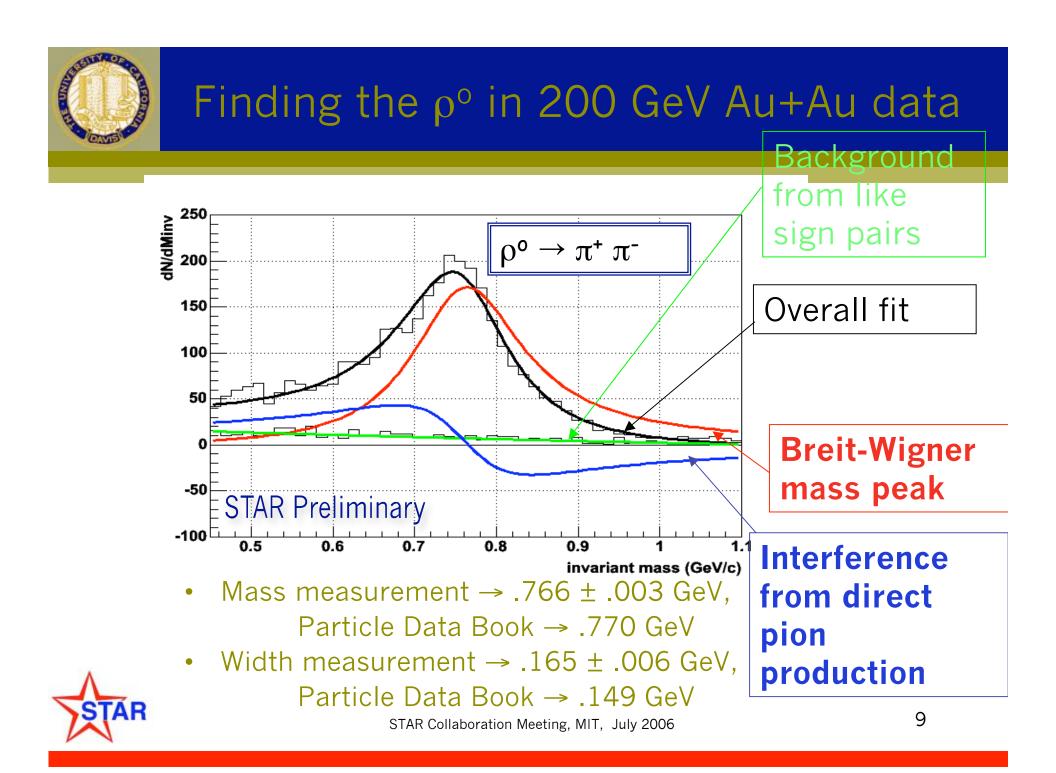
$$Au+Au \rightarrow Au^*+Au^*+\rho^{o}$$

- Minimum one neutron in each Zero Degree Calorimeter required
- Low Multiplicity

Trigger Backgrounds

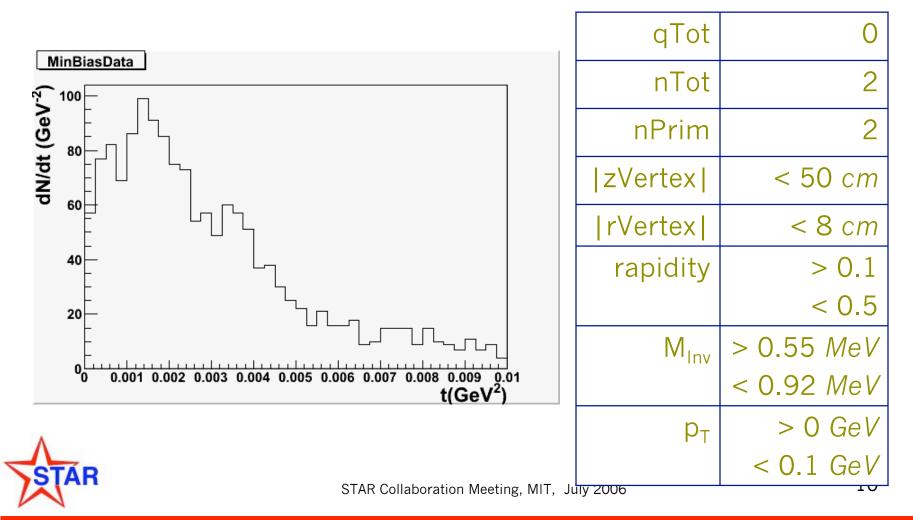
- Cosmic Rays
- Beam-Gas interactions
- Peripheral hadronic interactions
- Incoherent photonuclear
 - interactions





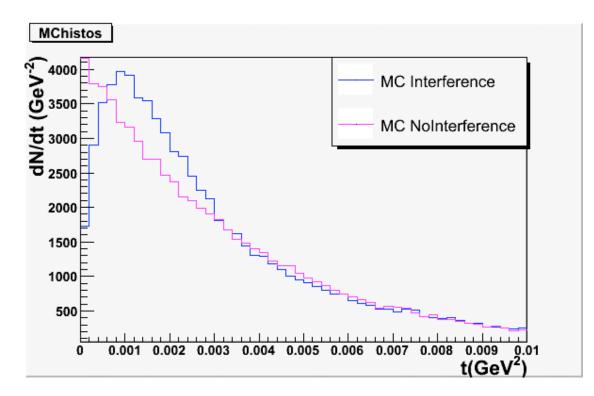


• Determine ho^o candidates by applying cuts to the data





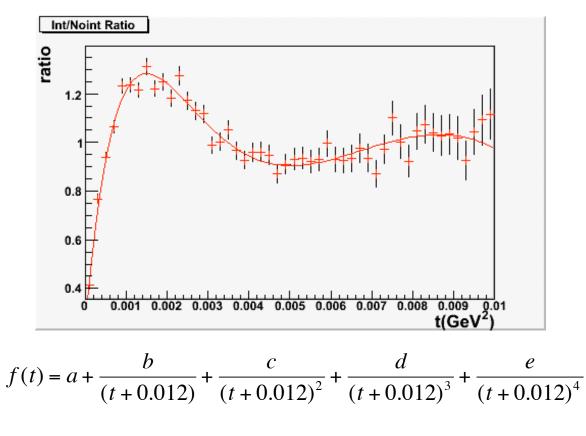
• Generate similar MC histograms







- Generate MC ratio
- Fit MC ratio







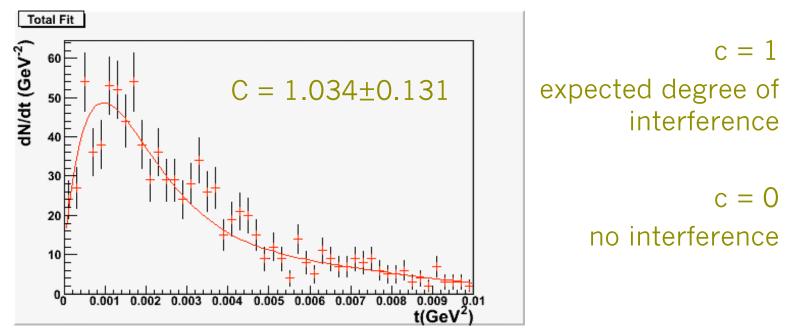
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Measuring the Interference

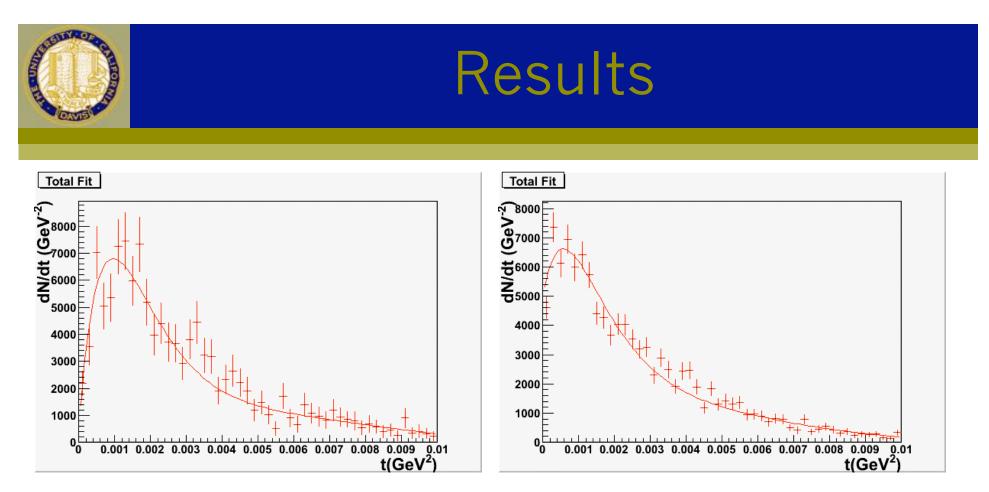
• Apply overall fit

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = Ae^{-kt}(1 - cR(t))$$

- A= overall normalization
 - k = exponential slope
- c = degree of interference



STAR Collaboration Meeting, MIT, July 2006



Topology

 $Au+Au \rightarrow Au+Au+\rho^{\circ}$

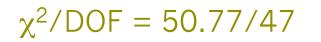
 $C = 0.8487 \pm 0.1192$

 χ^2 /DOF = 87.92/47

Minbias

 $Au+Au \rightarrow Au^*+Au^*+\rho^{o}$

 $C = 1.009 \pm 0.081$







Results Summary

	С	χ^2/dof	
Minbias			
0.5 > y > 0.1	1.009± 0.081	50.77/47	
1.0 > y > 0.5	0.9275± 0.1095	80.18/47	
Topology			
0.5 > y > 0.1	0.8487± 0.1192	87.92/47	
1.0 > y > 0.5	1.059± 0.208	83.81/47	





Systematic Error Study

	Standard Cut	Varied Cut	Data Set	Uncertainty
zVertex	zVertex < 50	zVertex > 0	minbias	0.0422
			topology	0.1883
		zVertex < 0	minbias	0.1188
			topology	0.0379
rapidity	0.1 < y < 0.5	0.1 < y < 0.5	minbias	0.0935





Systematic Error Study

Fit	Data Set	Uncertainty	
6 parameter	minbias	0.013	1.3%
	topology	0.008	0.9%







Interference in vector meson production has been observed at STAR.

- At small t, the predicted downturn is clearly seen
- The measured degree of interference is c_{avg} = 0.96±0.28(stat.)±0.08(sys.) ±0.15(theory)
- Currently in the process of systematic error study and refining fitting scheme.

